

# Bolivar Bulletin.

M. R. PARKER, Editor.  
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SATURDAY, - - - JAN. 27, 1890

**NOTES.**—We wish to obtain more subscribers to this paper and make the following liberal propositions: To any one who will get up a club of ten yearly subscribers we will send the BULLETIN one year free of charge; get up a club of five and we will send you the paper for the period of six months free of charge. We shall ever strive to furnish our readers with a neat and reliable journal, and will spare no pains or expense to make it acceptable to all classes.

**Good News.**  
Some time ago we took occasion to notice the fact that a bill had been introduced into the State Legislature which had for its object the extending of a loan to all the railroads in the State, with a single exception—that exception being the Mississippi Central. The bill had been passed on its second reading, and was then amended so as to give \$200,000 to the Mississippi Central, and has since become a law—having lately passed its final reading. This is good news indeed, and will be of great advantage to railroad interests throughout the entire State. With \$200,000 loaned them, the officers of the Mississippi Central can soon repair their road to Jackson, and put enough rolling stock on the road to run daily through trains from Jackson, Tenn., to Canton, Miss., a distance of 237 miles, thus establishing direct railroad communication between Columbus, Ky., and New Orleans. The new bridge over Hatchie river at this place has been completed, and in a few weeks the cars can pass over it, as workmen are busily engaged repairing the approaches on both sides of the river.

**Memphis and Charleston Railroad.**  
We hear, almost every hour in the day, complaints made by our merchants and farmers against the Memphis and Charleston railroad, on the manner in which freight shipped from Memphis for this place are detained on that road. Freight shipped from Memphis for parties here, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, should come through without any delay, arriving here in the evening of the same day on which they were forwarded; and in some instances our merchants are fortunate enough to see this verified, but in the great majority of cases they are forced to wait days, and even weeks, before they can note the arrival of their orders. The freight agent of the Memphis and Charleston road at Memphis is certainly aware of the fact that there is such a place as Grand Junction, and that there is such a road as the Mississippi Central, and that said road crosses the Memphis and Charleston at Grand Junction, and not at Lagrange, and he should never have freight stopped at Lagrange that is destined for Bolivar, for it often occurs that our merchants have to go down the road and look after their freight themselves, and invariably find their goods stored away in the depot at Lagrange.

A heavy trade is being carried on between this county and Memphis, and nothing should be done to drive it off into other channels. The officers of the Memphis and Charleston road should see to this, and lose no time in correcting the evils that are now so justly complained of. It is very annoying to business men to have their goods so carelessly handled. Cannot an arrangement be entered into by the two roads that will hereafter protect our citizens against the vexatious delays referred to? We know that the officers of the Mississippi Central road will do all in their power to facilitate trade with Memphis, and that they are anxious to see every impediment removed that causes dissatisfaction or gives rise to complaints. It is hoped that something will be done by the officers of the Memphis and Charleston road which will hereafter protect the interests of shippers over that line. Don't stop any more Bolivar freight at Lagrange.

**Why is it?**  
A few days ago the Tennessee Legislature, by a decided vote, said to their constituents that they did not want any representation in Congress; that they wanted taxation without representation. Why is this? What are our efforts for? There is not a man in the Legislature, but is aware of the fact, that the loyal men of this state desire their Representatives elect to occupy seats in the halls of Congress. The Union men of Tennessee want to see their State restored to her former position in the confederation of States; they are justly desirous of doing all in their power to restore peace and prosperity to the Federal Union; but they do not want to be kicked and cuffed by Mr. Arnell and his narrow-minded crew. "Tennessee does not want any representation in Congress" say these miserable tricksters, but the truth is not in them when they say so. Tennessee's truly loyal, consistent and intelligent sons desire the restoration of their lawful rights, and there is not one of them who does not feel himself deeply wronged by the following vote:

House resolution No. 173: That Representation and taxation is inseparable in all free governments, and as the State of Tennessee is bound for her share of the public debt, and as she has elected none but original Union men to represent her in Congress, therefore, be it

Resolved, That our Senators and Representatives elect are entitled to their seats as much as members from any other States.

Mr. ARNELL moved that the resolution be postponed indefinitely. Carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Messrs. Anderson, Arnell, Baker, Bickman, Carter, Cline, Donaldson, Dowdy, Duggan, Freeman, Garner, Gilmer, Groves, Grimmer, Hudson, Hall, Jones of Claiborne, Maxwell, McNair, Melton, Mullins, Mulloy, Moss, Norman, Patton, Puckett, Rogers, Smith of Obion, Snodgrass, Sneed, Thumrugh, Underwood, Waters of Wilcox, Waters of Madison, Walker of Rhea, Welch, Willis, Wines, Woodcock, Foster and Woods—41.

Noes—Messrs. Bartow, Brandon, Bledsoe, Brittle, Coward, Denny, Elliott, Faulkner, Fason, Hood, Jarvis, Jones of Greene, Lewis, Marble, Mason, Murphy, Nicks, Ordway, Parks, Poston, Richards, Summers, Summerville, Shultz, Steele, Warren, Walker of Shelby, Williams, and Mr. Speaker Heiskell—29.

**THE REASON.**—Now that the war is ended facts and figures are coming to light. A great many persons have blamed the leaders of the South for the ill-success which attended their efforts to establish a Southern Confederacy. Some say if this or that movement had not been made we would have won the fight, but no one who is at all familiar with the vast numbers of men hurled against the devoted South, can attribute the present condition to the want of military genius or unflinching heroism. The fact is plain and indisputable now, and the reason why the South was beaten in the late terrible strife was simply because she could not ward off the deadly blows of over three millions of well armed and highly disciplined soldiers. The loyal States alone furnished two millions six hundred and fifty-three thousand and sixty-two men for the purpose of suppressing the rebellion; and besides this vast number the Union army was strengthened by over eighty thousand negroes from the South, and thousands upon thousands of men from the so called seceded States. These figures will forever put to rest all doubts about the unfitness of Southern leaders during the war, for there was no time during the struggle that the Confederate States army rolls could show a total of seven hundred thousand effective men. Is it any wonder now that the South was beaten? We think not; and are almost bewildered when we look back over the trials and privations of the past and attempt to account for the prolongation of a contest which was so unequally matched. If freedom is never given to this sunny land there will be a worthy people denied their rights, and her glorious record will shine all the brighter as one wrong after another is heaped upon her helpless but brave and honorable sons and daughters.

**Mississippi Central Railroad.**  
Having observed some time ago, says the Memphis Bulletin, that in extending relief to railroads, the General Assembly had failed to give that aid to the Mississippi Central road which was extended to other lines within the borders of Tennessee, the (Memphis) Bulletin urged the importance and justice of such action on the part of the Legislature. We are happy to learn that the Central road shares the good fortune of other lines, and that under the wise and energetic management of President West, this highway of trade and travel, so important to the richest counties of Western Tennessee, will soon be restored to its original condition and usefulness.

**Emerson Etheridge.**  
This distinguished gentleman, says the LaCrosse (Wis.) Democrat, who was arraigned last October for some utterance not satisfactory to some of the radical bloodhounds in Tennessee, is now, as he ever has been, a true Union man. He is in Washington, and doing all in his power to advance the policy of the President in his efforts at restoration. In a recent letter he says:

You know my relations to the President, and therefore I do not respond to one of your inquiries. You ought, likewise, to know that I am not in the habit of asking quarter from political foes or personal enemies. What I have written, and what I propose to do, are prompted alike by a sense of duty, and not because I would seem to seek the favor or forbearance which too many vainly suppose is pleasing to power. As to another matter to which you refer, I will briefly state that the proof which I submitted to the commission before which I was arraigned in October last, satisfied me that the President was not, as I had previously believed him to be, personally or officially responsible for my arrest, or the persecutions by which it was followed. But I prefer not to dwell on a matter wholly personal. When public liberty is once more secured to the citizen, private wrongs will be consigned to forgetfulness.

Such sentiments are influencing the great mass of Southern men, and no one knows this fact better or appreciates it more fully than President Johnson and the prominent men in Congress who sustain him.

**Strange Rumors About Jefferson Davis.**  
A late letter from Washington says it is now hinted that the authorities desire his escape, and that facilities have been offered him, but that he won't go. There is little room to doubt the awkward embarrassment attendant upon his confinement and projected trial. Chief Justice Chase does not hesitate to say that he cannot be convicted of treason, and Thaddeus Stevens declares that he is nothing more than a foreign leader, about as much amenable to the laws of the United States as Maximilian. I have it from the best authority—authority which you cannot question—that Mr. Davis feels the most ample security. He said less than a week ago, "My defense is complete now, and rests solely upon the law, which will be administered fairly, I know, in perfect accordance with civil justice." Mr. Davis is at present in good health, eats heartily, reads a good deal, and possesses, as he said the other day, "a good digestion and a good conscience." He receives letters from his wife three times a week, and keeps a journal every day.

**An Atrocious Sentiment.**  
The Evansville, Indiana, Courier says the new Governor of Wisconsin, Fairchild, in his inaugural address, speaking of Jefferson Davis, makes use of the following language: "Not until Jefferson Davis shall have been tried, convicted and hung for treason, and the fact that treason is a crime which cannot be committed with impunity, shall have been demonstrated, will the people be content." The man who can indulge or give expression to such a shameless and abominable sentiment deserves to swing himself. We believe it to be a vile slander upon the American people to say that they are thirsting for the blood of this brave but now fallen and helpless man. Whatever may have been his faults, his misfortunes entitle him to the sympathy of all generous hearted men, while the manly spirit with which he bears them commands respect. The man who would now demand his life, or taunt him in his chains, is recreant to every impulse of decency and magnanimity.

A Berlin correspondent says a great panic prevails at the Prussian capital in consequence of a new and terrible malady which is now ravaging Prussia. Twenty-five per cent. of all persons attacked die the most horrible of deaths. Surgeons trace the malady to a worm that attacks pigs. Germans are essentially pork-eating people, and prefer rare cooked food. Intense alarm pervades all classes.

**News Summary.**  
California is a perfect wine vat. It produced 1,000,000 of gallons last year.  
The crop of wheat in the Northern States for 1889 amounts to 148,522,879 bushels.  
The 3d Michigan cavalry has been disbanded at San Antonio, Texas, for mutiny.  
Gen Harburt is soon to write a history of the battle of Shiloh.  
It is rumored that Senator Dixon is to succeed Mr. Wells as Secretary of the Navy.  
Gen Frank Blair has left Missouri for Mississippi, where he has purchased a large plantation.  
Brigham Young, jr., is in Bristol, England, recruiting Mormons for Salt Lake City.  
Plymouth (Ind.) was visited by a most destructive fire on the 3d inst. Loss \$250,000.  
Middle Tennessee is fast emerging from the chaotic mass of ruin and destruction occasioned by the war.  
Anderson, the Wizard of the North, has failed again in England, and is in the bankrupt's court now.  
No less than 800 persons have applied for a share in the rewards offered for the capture of the assassination conspirators.  
Another coal mine explosion has occurred near Mertheridgeville, England, killing 32 persons and wounding many others.  
It is proposed to build a railroad from Luka, Miss., to Eastport on the Tennessee river. Cairo is moving.  
The number of registered steamboats in the western waters is 910, valued at \$24,560,000, with \$292,141 tons capacity.  
A movement is on foot in England for reviving lay orders in the English Church, authorizing laymen to serve as deacons.  
Mr. Geo. Wilkins Kendall has returned to New Orleans, after an absence of seven years in Texas, and resumed his editorial chair in the Picayune office.  
Reverdy Johnson, who argued so ably lately, before the Supreme Court against the test oath, voted for it in the United States Senate.  
A native Sandwich Islander is electrifying London by his religious preaching and exhortation. He is described as handsome and eloquent.  
The Hon. David G. Burnett, the venerable Ex-President of Texas, is on a visit to Newark, N. J., his native city, after an absence of thirty-five years.  
The House of Representatives at Washington, on the 18th, passed the bill to extend to the negroes of the District of Columbia the right of suffrage.  
The next session of the General Conference of the M. E. Church South will be held in New Orleans, commencing on the first Wednesday in April next.  
What a curious being a Printer is. He stands when he sets, and sets when he stands, and when he wishes to set with ease he always stands erect.  
Robert Dale Owen is to have two years for writing his history of the life of President Lincoln, and his publishers pay him \$3,000 when he begins the work, and \$15,000 when he ends it.  
The Freedmen's Bureau has received orders to discontinue as soon as practicable the freedmen's farms in Maryland and Virginia, and to find employment for the laborers now engaged thereon.  
The Treasury Department is preparing plates for a new issue of fractional currency of 50, 25 and 10 cents. The design will be entirely original, the notes being nearly oval in form.  
It is believed at the Freedmen's Bureau, that at least twenty thousand freedmen in the Southern States will be dependent upon the Bureau for subsistence during the present winter.  
In Congress, Tuesday, the Senate adopted a resolution, introduced by Mr. Sumner, inquiring into the kidnapping of freedmen along the Florida coast, which is said to be done to a considerable extent.  
We learn from the Jackson Whig that regular trains are running north and south from that place, and that in a week or two cars will go through to Memphis from that point via Humboldt and the Memphis and Ohio road.  
The usual monthly statement of the national debt was issued by the Secretary of the Treasury, McCulloch, on the 1st of January. The total amount of our national indebtedness is a little over two thousand eight hundred and seven millions of dollars, showing an increase during the month of December of over ninety two millions and a half.  
It is said by a dispatch from the collector of customs at Clarksville, Texas, that when the colored troops, under Colonel Davis, crossed the Rio Grande and captured Bagdad, they began plundering the place and killing the people. The scene is represented to be indecipherable. Citizens were shot down for refusing to give their money.  
Hugs at Chicago have undergone a decided decline, with sales to packers at \$8.25 @ \$8.35 on the 6th. The receipts to that date for the week were 43,780, showing an increase of 22,292 over the previous week. The entire receipts to date were 775,077 against 1,357,303 at the same period last year, showing a deficit this year at that point of 582,226 hogs.  
Armed bands of negroes lately visited the plantation of Major Logan, Shreveport, La., and made prisoners of all white people they could find in the neighborhood, treating them in a most disgraceful manner. The military sent a guard of troops, who dispersed the negroes, taking from them about fifty stands of arms. The pretext for this outrage was the discovery of a murdered negro near the plantation.  
The New York Herald's Forties Monroe correspondence says the vigilance of the military authorities, in search for any persons who may be concerned in the supposed plot to liberate Jeff Davis, has not in any degree been relaxed since the expulsion from the district of all who are known to have been at one time in the rebel army. A sharp lookout is still kept on all arrivals, both by land and water, and the conspirators, if the plot really exists, are left little opportunity for the prosecution of their schemes.

**Remember our Heroes.**  
The following is from that excellent paper, the Memphis Daily Commercial.  
**GENERAL ROBERT HATTON.**  
As most of our readers remember, this gallant officer and noble son of Tennessee, was killed at the great battle of Seven Pines, in front of Richmond, in June, 1865. By his death, a lovely and interesting family were left penniless and destitute. An appeal was made to give their money. No man in Tennessee of his age had more or warmer friends than Robert Hatton; and he never had a friend that would stand and see his family in need when their assistance could alleviate and remove the difficulty.  
We will make no appeal to our people to contribute to this noble and praiseworthy object: we deem it only necessary to make the announcement, and hundreds will avail themselves of the opportunity, and esteem it a privilege to give their money. No man in Tennessee of his age had more or warmer friends than Robert Hatton; and he never had a friend that would stand and see his family in need when their assistance could alleviate and remove the difficulty.  
We do so by leaving at the Commercial counting room, or enclosing to Andrew B. Martin, Secretary of the Hatton Fund, Lebanon, Tenn.

**Mississippi News.**  
We clip the following items from the Friars Point Cushman of the 19th inst.  
Three negroes, two of whom were under arrest for murder, and the other for theft, broke jail at this place on Monday night last.  
A man by the name of Dunn, who left this place on Thursday, Jan. 10, was found murdered on the ensuing day, near the plantation of Mr. Rozell. The supposed murderer has not been arrested.  
The High Court of Errors and Appeals of Mississippi was organized on Monday. Hon. A. H. Handy, was chosen by the Judges as Chief Justice, and Samuel Livingston appointed Clerk.  
A negro on the plantation of Mrs. Harriet Alcorn of this county, was foully assassinated on Sunday night, Jan. 7th, by it is supposed, another negro, with whom he had long been at enmity. The supposed murderer was committed to jail at this place, but succeeded on Monday night last, in making his escape, by breaking through the upper portion of the jail.  
The storm of Friday Night—A furious wind storm passed over the city on Friday night, commencing about eleven o'clock, accompanied by lightning and thunder, rain and sleet, the elements being in a most violent and finally terminating in quite a fury of snow. In the city a good deal of damage was done to awnings, signs, chimneys, skylights, etc., which were torn from their places and hurled about in reckless confusion, fortunately without inflicting any personal injury upon pedestrians who were so unfortunate as to be caught on the streets by the storm. Among other incidents, we notice that the "great moral show" opposite the postoffice "fairied its tent" in a very summary manner, and several buildings in process of erection were unroofed and blown down. We also had the melancholy pleasure yesterday of meeting several of our friends at the Police station inquiring for truant chapmans which had disappeared in the storm and darkness. At the river the commotion and excitement was intense for about an hour. Several coal barges broke from their moorings and were drifted out into the current and among the trees, and some were wrecked. The damage will reach a sum equal to five thousand dollars. We are informed by Capt. Hicks that the accident will be repaired in time to admit her departure on Saturday next. The wharf boat was damaged to the extent of two thousand dollars, and was a complete ruin. We have no estimate of the damage done, although it must be quite heavy as the shed was a very extensive structure.—Memphis Commercial.

**Destructive fire.**—We are pained to learn that Mr. Bradshaw, of our county, living near Big Spring, has suffered a total loss of his house and its contents by fire. We have heard no particulars further than the inmates barely escaped with their wearing apparel, and in addition to the loss of furniture, provisions etc., there was \$800 in greenbacks in the house, which was also destroyed. The origin of the fire was supposed to be accidental.—Lebanon Herald.

**Theiving in Wilson.**—Scarcely a night passes that we do not hear of a horse being stolen, a smoke house robbed or some kind of robbery. For the benefit of the thieves, we would inform them that some of their numbers are known, and that it is only on account of the peculiar situation of the country that they have not been arrested. "A word to the wise etc."—Lebanon Herald.

**Indictment of a General.**—The grand jury of Lafayette county, Miss., have found "a true bill" against Gen. A. J. Smith, U. S. A., for burning the Court House and town of Oxford in the summer of 1864.

The New Orleans News of the nineteenth says: "We learn that the Navy Department is now engaged in refitting and preparing for active service eleven iron clads at this port, and that they are rapidly approaching completion. It is also rumored that military orders have been issued requiring vessels bound for the Rio Grande to call at Galveston, in order to convey troops to the Mexican border. There is evidently something in the wind."

A motion, it is said, will be made in the House, in a few days, discharging the Committee on Reconstruction from further consideration of the Tennessee credentials, and referring them to the committee on elections. If the motion succeeds, a similar measure will be proposed in regard to the Arkansas case.

It is estimated that the war has occasioned a loss to the parish of Baton Rouge alone, of over \$12,000,000. Over thirty parishes were raided over during the war, and \$300,000,000 will not cover the loss. This is estimated by the Baton Rouge Advocate.

The station house at West Point, Miss., was burnt on the night of the 11th. It contained four hundred tales of private cotton.

Why is a bald head like Heaven?—Because there is no parting there.

F. H. Clark, a well known merchant of Memphis is dead.

**ISIDOR ROSEN BACH,**  
226 Front Street,  
Dealer in Cigars, Tobacco, Wines & Liquors  
**MEMPHIS, TENN.**  
ESTABLISHED 1840.  
**MAMMOTH DRUG HOUSE!**  
S. MANSFIELD & CO.,  
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,  
And Dealers in Drugs, Chemicals, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Seeds, Fancy Goods, Etc.  
301 AND 303 MAIN STREET, : : : MEMPHIS, TENN.  
Country Orders solicited! Jan-3m

D. S. ROBESON. R. B. MITCHELL. J. WES. SNRED. J. D. MITCHELL  
**ROBESON, MITCHELL & CO.,**  
272 SECOND STREET,  
AYRES' BLOCK,  
MEMPHIS, TENN.  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

**CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS**  
FOR  
Men, Boys and Children,  
Have the largest Stock and sell at LOWER PRICES than any other house in Memphis  
Wholesale Buyers  
WILL FIND IT TO THEIR ADVANTAGE TO EXAMINE OUR STOCK BEFORE PURCHASING.  
Sole Agents for the unrivalled FRENCH YOKE SHIRTS. dec-3m

**GREEN BACKS!**  
Consoling News to the Unfortunate!  
YOU CAN SAVE TIME AND MONEY  
By Calling on  
**A. MOORE & CO.,** at Bills' Old Stand,  
BOLIVAR, TENN.  
Who have a Stock that comprises every article required for the City and Country trade  
At Prices which Defy Competition.  
Our Stock Consists in part of

Fall and winter dress goods, Ready-made clothing, Calicoes and domestics, Boots and shoes, Hats and caps, Notions and stationery, Sugar, W. O. refined and crushed Coffee, Rio and Java, Tobacco, smoking and chewing, Whiskey, Salt and Tar, Bagging and Rope. Woodenware, Stoveware, Glass and Chinaware, Tinware, Brooms and Seives, Oysters and Sardines. Teas, Imperial and Oolong, Star Candles, German and Cosmetic Soaps, Indigo and Madder, Blacking and Brushes, Nutmegs and Starch. Refined Saleratus, Sup. Carb of Soda, Cream Tartar, All Spice, Ginger, Pepper, Pickles, Jams, Jellies, Mustard, Canned Fruits, Scotch Saus, Etc.

N. B. Our stock is new and seasonable, and we guarantee as good, if not better bargains, than can be had in any store in the Western District.  
We tender our sincere thanks for past patronage and solicit a continuance of the same. "Quick sales, small profits"  
**WANTED.**  
The highest market price will be paid for all kinds of Produce! nov-25-3m

**Boots and Shoes at Wholesale!**  
ONE OF THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCKS IN THE SOUTH.  
Merchants are Particularly Invited to Call at my New House and  
Examine the Cheapest Stock Ever brought to the City of Memphis.

321 MAIN STREET,  
**HORACE STONE.**  
nov18-3m

**DRUGS! DRUGS! DRUGS!**  
**WHOLESALE.**  
**CHANDLER & CO.,**  
Dealers in and Importers of  
Drugs, Chemicals, Perfumery, Dye-Staffs, &c.  
STILL AT THEIR OLD STAND,  
**Under Odd-Fellows' Hall!**  
246 MAIN STREET,  
MEMPHIS TENNESSEE.  
dec2-3m

C. C. NORTH, NEW YORK. J. M. MURPHY. F. A. MASON  
**NORTH, MURPHY & MASON,**  
233 Second Street, near Jefferson,  
WHOLESALE  
Dealers in Fancy Goods, Hosiery, Notions, &c.  
Offer, at WHOLESALE only,  
SHIRTS, NECKTIES, COLLARS, PAPER, ENVE OPES, GILLOTT'S PENS, FABER'S PENCILS, COLOGNES, SOAPS, PERFUMERY, &c. CUTLERY, BEADS, FISHING TACKLE, BELTS, Belt Buckles, Hair Nets, Gloves, and an Endless Variety of Goods in Our Line.  
Our Stock is the  
Most Complete in the City of Memphis.  
We have spent almost the WHOLE OF OUR BUSINESS LIFETIME in the WHOLESALE SOUTHERN NOTION TRADE in New York, and feel confident of pleasing those who will make bills with us. Call and see our stock.  
**NORTH, MURPHY & MASON,**  
233 Second Street, MEMPHIS.  
dec2-3m

**Memphis Advertisements.**  
**J. MALATESTA,**  
UNDER ODD FELLOWS' HALL,  
No. 222 MAIN STREET,  
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE  
**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL**  
DEALER IN  
Candy, Confectioneries,  
**TOYS,**  
Fireworks and Christmas  
NICK-NACKS!

Green Fruit, Nuts, Pickles, Preserves, Sardines, Cigars, Wines, London Porter and Scotch Ale. 45-50  
**F. Glassick & Co.**  
**GUN AND PISTOL**  
Manufacturers!  
Dealers in Shot Guns, Rifles, and Pistols,  
Gun Implements,  
**AMMUNITION**  
And Gun Materials,  
FOR GUNMAKERS USE.

Also,  
Fancy Goods, Notions, Cutlery, Stationery and  
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!  
No. 352 Front Street,  
Between Union and Gayoso, nov11-3m MEMPHIS.  
WM. M. BENTON DUNCAN MACLEAN  
**BENTON & MACLEAN,**  
Insurance Agents  
AND  
Real Estate Brokers.  
CITY AND SUBURBAN PROPERTY, ALSO COTTON PLANTATIONS  
Office, 22 Madison Street,  
Lock Box 156 dec-3m MEMPHIS, Tenn.

**GEO. M. GREELEY & CO.,**  
Wholesale and Retail  
Grocers, Commission Merchants  
AND COTTON FACTORS,  
No. 348 Main Street,  
Memphis, Tenn.  
Dealers in Bagging, Rope, Twine, Whisky, Flour, Tobacco, Tea, Sugar, Salt, Bacon, Coffee, Malt, Hops, Candles, and a full stock of Plantation Supplies. dec-3m  
**B. ROCCO.**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL  
Dealer in  
Fancy Confectioneries,  
Jellies, Preserves, etc. French Liquors, put up in style, Fine Havana Cigars, and  
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF  
**TOYS!**

No. 216 MAIN STREET, Corner of Adams  
dec-3m MEMPHIS, Tenn.  
**Commercial Hotel,**  
Memphis, Tenn.  
Corner Front and Jefferson Streets.  
nov11-3m WHEELER & MONROE, Proprietors.

**B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.,**  
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in  
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,  
**PLANTERS' GOODS,**  
Hats, Boots, Shoes,  
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,  
Embroideries, Lace, Hosiery,  
NOTIONS, &c.  
No. 242 Main Street, Corner of Jefferson,  
COBBITT, HILL & CO.'S OLD STAND.  
dec16-3m MEMPHIS, TENN.

**C. F. CHAMBERLIN & CO.,**  
197 Main Street,  
**JOB PRINTERS,**  
**BOOK BINDERS**  
Blank Book Manufacturers,  
AND  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN  
STAPLE AND FANCY  
**STATIONERY.**  
Memphis, August, 1885. nov18-3m

**E. DeF. MORGAN,**  
Attorney At Law,  
General Claim Agent  
For the Collection of Private Property,  
Taken for Government Use during the late Rebellion.  
Memphis, Tenn.,  
Opposite Irving Block. nov18-3m

**Drs. J. B. & Wm. Wasson,**  
**DENTISTS,**  
OFFICE, No. 312 Main Street, cor. Monroe  
Memphis, Tenn.  
All operations in the different branches of the profession performed in the most judicious and skillful manner. Special attention given to the treatment of Children's Teeth and Diseases of the Mouth and Gums.  
Any Reference will be given that may be desired.  
ALSO: Proprietors of the  
**Memphis Dental Depot!**  
Where Dentists can be supplied with every thing pertaining to the Profession of the Dentist.  
**Reasonable Terms.**  
Sums placed on above. dec-3m  
**New Wagon and Blacksmith Shop!**  
**Schlocker & Joergenthum,**  
Have just established a shop for Repairing Wagons and doing Blacksmithing of all kind. Horse-Shoeing well done. The Shop is on  
**Poplar Street,**  
State Line Road. Memphis, Tenn.  
And is especially located for the repair of Country Wagons, whose patronage is solicited. dec-3m